Regulatory Analysis Form (Completed by Promulgating Agency)	INDEPENDENT REGULATORY REVIEW COMMISSION 2013 OCT 18 AM 9: 54
(All Comments submitted on this regulation will appear on IRRC's website)	
(1) Agency: County Probation and Parole Officers' Firearm Education Training Commission (FETC)	
(2) Agency Number: 41	
Identification Number: 021	IRRC Number: 3009
(3) PA Code Cite: Pa. Code §§ 79.2 (a), 79.25, 79.26, 79.61, 79.63	,
(4) Short Title: County Probation and Parole Officers' Firearm	Education and Training Commission
(5) Agency Contacts (List Telephone Number and Email Address):	
Primary Contact:Todd Burns, Executive Director Firearm Education and Training Commission 1101 South Front Street Suite 5600 Harrisburg, PA 17104 717.783.4692 tburns@pa.govSecondary Contact:John C. Manning Assistant Counsel Office of Chief Counsel Pennsylvania Board of Probation and Parole 1101 South Front Street 	
	rgency Certification Regulation; ification by the Governor ification by the Attorney General

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Break-in-Service Regulation: This regulation provides what qualifications a former officer must achieve to again carry a weapon as a county probation or parole officer after they have been rehired by their respective department. The necessary qualifications depend on the duration of the officer's break-in-service.

Requirements for in-service training courses: This regulation would give the Commission the power to waive the 90-day requirement in 37 Pa. Code § 79.63 (b) if the course has been approved by entities such as the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Pennsylvania State Police, or National Rifle Association.

Approval of instructors: For clarity purposes, this regulation would revise the language of 37 Pa. Code § 79.61 (b) and (c) (1).

(8) State the statutory authority for the regulation. Include <u>specific</u> statutory citation.

The County Probation Officers' Firearm Education and Training Law provides that the Commission has the power "[t]o make rules and regulations...as may be reasonably necessary or appropriate to implement the training program for county probation officers." 61 Pa. Cons. Stat. Ann. § 6305 (13).

(9) Is the regulation mandated by any federal or state law or court order, or federal regulation? Are there any relevant state or federal court decisions? If yes, cite the specific law, case or regulation as well as, any deadlines for action.

No.

(10) State why the regulation is needed. Explain the compelling public interest that justifies the regulation. Describe who will benefit from the regulation. Quantify the benefits as completely as possible and approximate the number of people who will benefit.

The compelling public interests that are served include: assurance that the Commonwealth's probation and parole officers are qualified when carrying any new firearm; probation and parole officers remain qualified when they have a break-in-service; and the institutions and instructors are qualified to train the officers. The entire public benefits from these safety measures, as do the probation and parole officers and the offenders the officers supervise.

(11) Are there any provisions that are more stringent than federal standards? If yes, identify the specific provisions and the compelling Pennsylvania interest that demands stronger regulations.

No.

(12) How does this regulation compare with those of the other states? How will this affect Pennsylvania's ability to compete with other states?

The regulations are Commonwealth specific. The regulations have no effect on Pennsylvania's ability to compete with other states.

(13) Will the regulation affect any other regulations of the promulgating agency or other state agencies? If yes, explain and provide specific citations.

No.

(14) Describe the communications with and solicitation of input from the public, any advisory council/group, small businesses and groups representing small businesses in the development and drafting of the regulation. List the specific persons and/or groups who were involved. ("Small business" is defined in Section 3 of the Regulatory Review Act, Act 76 of 2012.)

Regulations were discussed at open bi-monthly meetings, where county probation and parole representatives were in attendance and their comments were taken into consideration. Additionally, the regulations have been placed on the Commission's website and every weapon-carrying probation department in Pennsylvania has been given the website link to view the Commission's regulations.

With respect to the impact on small businesses, the Commission's regulations will not have any impact on small businesses as the regulated community that will be affected by these regulations are county probation and parole officers and county probation departments. As such, the Commission did not have any communications with or solicit any input from small businesses or groups representing small businesses in the development of their regulations. (15) Identify the types and number of persons, businesses, small businesses (as defined in Section 3 of the Regulatory Review Act, Act 76 of 2012) and organizations which will be affected by the regulation. How are they affected?

The regulations will affect county probation and parole departments, officer applicants or candidates, schools that provide training courses and instructors at training courses. This will affect over 1,000 people.

With respect to the impact on small businesses, the Commission's regulations will not have any impact on small businesses as the regulated community that will be affected by these regulations are county probation officers and county probation departments. As such, the Commission did not have any communications with or solicit any input from small businesses or groups representing small businesses in the development of their regulations.

(16) List the persons, groups or entities, including small businesses, that will be required to comply with the regulation. Approximate the number that will be required to comply.

The regulations will affect county probation and parole departments, officer applicants or candidates, schools that provide training courses and instructors at training courses. This will affect over 1,000 people.

With respect to the impact on small businesses, the Commission's regulations will not have any impact on small businesses as the regulated community that will be affected by these regulations are county probation officers and county probation departments. As such, the Commission did not have any communications with or solicit any input from small businesses or groups representing small businesses in the development of their regulations.

(17) Identify the financial, economic and social impact of the regulation on individuals, small businesses, businesses and labor communities and other public and private organizations. Evaluate the benefits expected as a result of the regulation.

The impact of these regulations is that there will be better trained probation officers in the Commonwealth who will be specifically required to qualify on a Commission firearm range with their individual duty weapon. Further, the regulations will eliminate the redundancy and waste of completely retraining an officer after they have left the position of probation officer for a short period of time and decided to return to service. Finally, the regulations will eliminate redundancy and waste by allowing probation officers to get training credit towards their recertification even if the training has not been previously approved by the Commission.

(18) Explain how the benefits of the regulation outweigh any cost and adverse effects.

The public at large, probationers and parolees, and probation and parole officers all benefit from these regulations. These regulations ensure that probation and parole officers are qualified to carry any new weapon and are qualified despite a break-in-service.

(19) Provide a specific estimate of the costs and/or savings to the **regulated community** associated with compliance, including any legal, accounting or consulting procedures which may be required. Explain how the dollar estimates were derived.

No additional costs for the additions to the Definition Section of 37 Pa. Code § 79.2 (a).

The fiscal impact for a Duty Weapon Change (regulation 37 Pa. Code § 79.25) will cost: Officer: 1 Hour (approximate) X Salary + Instructor: 1 Hour (approximate) X Salary + Rounds: 60 minimum/180 maximum @ 50 cents per round maximum + Targets: 2 minimum/6 maximum @ \$1 per target maximum.

The fiscal impact for the Break-in-Service (regulation 37 Pa. Code § 79.26) will cost (depending on the duration of the break-in-service):

Written Test: Officer takes 50 minutes maximum to take the test X Salary + Instructor: 50 minutes maximum X Salary

Qualification: Officer: 1 Hour (approximate) X Salary + Instructor: 1 Hour (approximate) X Salary + Rounds: 60 minimum/180 maximum @ 50 cents per round maximum + Targets: 2 minimum/6 maximum @ \$1 per target maximum

**Classroom** Time:

**Officer – 18 hours classroom time:** 

Day 1: 12pm - 6pm (hotel room @ \$79 maximum) + Day 2: 8am - 5pm (hotel room @ \$79 maximum) + Day 3: 8am - 12pm + Per diem and mileage (if POV)

Officer - 31 hours range time:

Day 1: 8am - 5pm (hotel room @ \$79 maximum) + Day 2: 8am - 5pm (hotel room @ \$79 maximum) + Day 3: 8am - 5pm (hotel room @ \$79 maximum) + Day 4: 8am - 12pm + Per diem and mileage (if POV) + Ammunition : 1000 rounds maximum @ 50 cents per round maximum

No additional costs for the new Requirements for In-service Training Courses under 37 Pa. Code § 79.63.

No additional costs for amendments to the Approval of Instructors section of 37 Pa. Code § 79.61.

(20) Provide a specific estimate of the costs and/or savings to the **local governments** associated with compliance, including any legal, accounting or consulting procedures which may be required. Explain how the dollar estimates were derived.

See above (14).

(21) Provide a specific estimate of the costs and/or savings to the **state government** associated with the implementation of the regulation, including any legal, accounting, or consulting procedures which may be required. Explain how the dollar estimates were derived.

No additional costs or savings for the additions to the Definition Section of 37 Pa. Code § 79.2 (a).

The fiscal impact for a Duty Weapon Change (regulation 37 Pa. Code § 79.25) will cost an additional hour of instruction/instructor time per training to train the officer specifically on the duty weapon.

The fiscal impact for the Break-in-Service (regulation § 79.63) would be the amount of money spent would be a pen for a student and a manual (\$10) which is supplied to the officer. The regulation would only apply to officers with a break-in-service of more than 12 months, which typically would only apply to one or two officers a year.

No additional costs or savings with respect to the change in recertification dates for instructors pursuant to regulation 37 Pa. Code § 79.61.

No additional costs with respect to regulation 37 Pa. Code § 79.63. There may be some savings to the Commission as allowing the Commission to waive the 90-day approval requirement will allow an officer to receive credit for a class and thus it would not cost the Commission to provide inservice training for the officer.

(22) For each of the groups and entities identified in items (19)-(21) above, submit a statement of legal, accounting or consulting procedures and additional reporting, recordkeeping or other paperwork, including copies of forms or reports, which will be required for implementation of the regulation and an explanation of measures which have been taken to minimize these requirements.

Weapon change information and qualification results must be recorded in the Firearm Commission Training Management System (FCTMS). This record keeping is not overly burdensome because weapon information and qualification results must be recorded already. As such, the additional recording required by these regulations would only come up in the event that a probation or parole officer had a change in her duty weapon.

(23) In the table below, provide an estimate of the fiscal savings and costs associated with implementation and compliance for the regulated community, local government, and state government for the current year and five subsequent years.

	Current FY Year	FY +1 Year	FY +2 Year	FY +3 Year	FY +4 Year	FY +5 Year
SAVINGS:	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Regulated Community	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Local Government	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
State Government	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Savings	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
COSTS:	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Regulated Community	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Local Government	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
State Government	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Costs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<b>REVENUE LOSSES:</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Regulated Community	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Local Government	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
State Government	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Revenue Losses	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

(23a) Provide the past three year expenditure history for programs affected by the regulation.

Program	FY -09-10	<b>FY - 10-11</b>	FY -11-12	Current FY 12-13
County Probation and Parole Officers' Firearm Education and	\$451,843	\$463,988	\$495, 352	\$529, 490
Training				
Commission				

(24) For any regulation that may have an adverse impact on small businesses (as defined in Section 3 of the Regulatory Review Act, Act 76 of 2012), provide an economic impact statement that includes the following:

- (a) An identification and estimate of the number of small businesses subject to the regulation.
- (b) The projected reporting, recordkeeping and other administrative costs required for compliance with the regulation, including the type of professional skills necessary for preparation of the report or record.
- (c) A statement of probable effect on impacted small businesses.
- (d) A description of any less intrusive or less costly alternative methods of achieving the purpose of the regulation.

The Commission's regulations will not have any impact on small businesses as the regulated community that will be affected by these regulations are county probation and parole officers and county probation departments. Therefore, this question is not applicable with respect to the regulations.

(25) List any special provisions which have been developed to meet the particular needs of affected groups or persons including, but not limited to, minorities, the elderly, small businesses, and farmers.

Probation and parole officers fall into this affected group. The Break-in-Service regulation has special provisions that take into account how long an officer has had a break in service and adjusts the qualification hurdles that must be met according to that break in service. The regulations make sure that officers with longer breaks are tested more stringently.

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(26) Include a description of any alternative regulatory provisions which have been considered and rejected and a statement that the least burdensome acceptable alternative has been selected.

Testing standards are the least burdensome way to ensure qualification of county probation and parole officers.

(27) In conducting a regulatory flexibility analysis, explain whether regulatory methods were considered that will minimize any adverse impact on small businesses (as defined in Section 3 of the Regulatory Review Act, Act 76 of 2012), including:

- a) The establishment of less stringent compliance or reporting requirements for small businesses;
- b) The establishment of less stringent schedules or deadlines for compliance or reporting requirements for small businesses;
- c) The consolidation or simplification of compliance or reporting requirements for small businesses;
- d) The establishment of performing standards for small businesses to replace design or operational standards required in the regulation; and
- e) The exemption of small businesses from all or any part of the requirements contained in the regulation.

The Commission's regulations will not have any impact on small businesses as the regulated community that will be affected by these regulations are county probation officers and county probation departments. Therefore, this question is not applicable with respect to the regulations.

(28) If data is the basis for this regulation, please provide a description of the data, explain in detail how the data was obtained, and how it meets the acceptability standard for empirical, replicable and testable data that is supported by documentation, statistics, reports, studies or research. Please submit data or supporting materials with the regulatory package. If the material exceeds 50 pages, please provide it in a searchable electronic format or provide a list of citations and internet links that, where possible, can be accessed in a searchable format in lieu of the actual material. If other data was considered but not used, please explain why that data was determined not to be acceptable.

# No data was used as the basis for this regulation.

(29) Include a schedule for review of the regulation including:

- A. The date by which the agency must receive public comments:
- B. The date or dates on which public meetings or hearings will be held:
- C. The expected date of promulgation of the proposed regulation as a final-form regulation:

30 calendar days after publication

Unknown

Unknown

· · ·	fective date of the final-form regulation:	Unknown
-	ch compliance with the final-form	
regulation will	be required:	Unknown
-	ch required permits, licenses or other	
approvals must l	be obtained:	Unknown
0) Describe the plan dev	eloped for evaluating the continuing effect	iveness of the regulations after its
nplementation.		
he Commission will cor	itinually assess the regulation and the pr	rocedures it requires for
ompliance and will intro	oduce revisions, which address any valid	
rise.		
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# FACE SHEET FOR FILING DOCUMENTS WITH THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

# (Pursuant to Commonwealth Documents Law)

# RECEIVED

2013 OCT 18 AM 9: 54

#### DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE

Copy below is hereby approved as to form and legality. Attorney General	Copy below is hereby certified to be true and correct copy of a document issued, prescribed or promutgated by:	Copy below is hereby approved as to form and legality Executive or Independent Agencies
By:(Deputy Attorney General)	County Probation and Parole Officers' Firearm Education and Training	BY SHAWNESMITH
DATE OF APPROVAL	DOCUMENT/FISCAL NOTE NO. 41-021	SEP 05 2013
	BY Keith Graybill	(Deputy General Counsel) <del>(Chiol Councel≕Independent Ageney) –</del> (Strike inapplicable title)
Check if applicable     Copy not approved.	TITLE Chairman	<ul> <li>Check if applicable.</li> <li>No Attorney General Approval or objection within</li> </ul>
Objections attached.		30 days after submission.

## NOTICE OF FINAL RULEMAKING

Final Regulations for the implementation of 61 Pa.C.S. § 6301 et seq. (relating to the County Probation and Parole Officers' Firearm Education and Training Program)

> County Probation and Parole Officers' Firearm Education and Training Commission 37 Pa. Code Chapter 79

## FINAL RULEMAKING

# BOARD OF PROBATION AND PAROLE

# [37 PA. CODE PART II, CR. 79]

# County Probation and Parole Officers' Firearm Education and Training Commission

# [\_\_\_\_\_ Pa. B. \_\_\_\_]

The County Probation and Parole Officers' Firearm Education and Training Commission (hereinafter FETC) proposes to add Sections 79.2(a), 79.25, and 79.26 to Chapter 79 to read as set forth in Annex A. The FETC further proposes to amend Sections 79.61(b)-(c) and 79.63 of Chapter 79 to read as set forth in Annex A.

#### Statutory Authority

Notice is hereby given that the FETC, under the authority of the County Probation Officers' Firearm Education and Training Law, 61 Pa.C.S. § 6305(13), intends to adopt the regulations set forth in Annex A.

#### Purpose of Regulations

These regulations serve to accelerate the firearm qualification process for officers and the approval process for in-service training courses, while at the same time, maintaining public safety by ensuring that officers are properly qualified on their duty weapons and instructors are properly certified to conduct training courses. The first part of the regulations (§ 79.2(a)) defines new terms set forth in the regulations. Regulations often have particular words that are better explained in the definition section, rather than in the regulation itself. The next part (§ 79.25) explains the qualification requirements that county probation and parole officers must adhere to in the event of a duty weapon change. The next part (§ 79.26) explains the requisite qualification requirements that county probation and parole officers must adhere to depending on the duration of the officer's break-in-service. The next part (§ 79.61(b)) alters the recertification and renewal requirements for Certified Firearms Instructors who attain Master Instructor status. The final part (§ 79.63) grants the FETC the discretion to waive certain requirements in the approval process for in-service training courses.

## Affected Parties

The effect of these regulations adds only a slight burden on county probation and parole officers depending on whether there has been a change in duty weapon or a break-in-service. Officers will have to adhere to these new requirements even if the officer would not otherwise be up for requalification.

Additionally, any Commission-approved school or vendor that provides in-service training courses may experience a slight increase in the number of officers it must test depending on whether the officer has had a duty weapon change or a break-in-service. Additionally, firearm instructors may derive a benefit from the recertification regulation (§ 79.61(b)) since it simplifies the recertification dates for instructors reaching Master Instructor status.

# Fiscal Impact

Commonwealth: The Commission has determined that the regulations will have a minimal financial impact on the Commonwealth since all funds budgeted for the Commission are derived from the County Probation and Parole Officers' Firearm Education and Training Fund, which, under the law, is a restricted receipts account within the General Fund. Moneys for this fund are derived from costs imposed on any person who accepts Accelerated Rehabilitative Disposition or pleads guilty or nolo contendere or is convicted of a felony or misdemeanor. This fund is used exclusively for the training activities and expenses of the Commission.

Political Subdivisions: The projected fiscal impact of these regulations is negligible. The costs associated with firearm qualification courses will only apply when the officer has a change in duty weapon or a break-in-service.

Overview of the costs: The time an officer spends requalifying usually takes one hour. As such, the subject county would have to pay that percentage of the officer's salary, plus the hourly percentage of the instructor's salary, plus the 60-180 rounds (\$.50 per round) expended, plus the 2-6 targets (\$1 per target) used. When a written test is required, the county must pay the officer and the testing instructor a percentage of their salary based on the 50 minute test. Finally, when an officer must meet the requirements of a new hire because of break-in-service lasting 24 or more months, the county will have to pay for 18 hours of classroom time, 31 hours of range time, 1,000 rounds of ammunition, the cost for hotel rooms (maximum \$79.00 per night), and a per diem and mileage.

Private Sector: The regulations will have no adverse fiscal impact on the private sector.

General Public: The regulations will not impose any costs and will have no adverse fiscal impact on the general public.

#### Costs and Paperwork Requirements

The regulations directly relate to implementation of a program, which is already in effect and for which funding is already in place. Therefore, there will be no new fiscal impact. The regulations may result in marginal increases in paperwork since any weapon change information and any qualification results must be recorded in the Firearm Commission Training Management System. There may be a slight reduction in paperwork for certified firearm instructors since they would only have to document and demonstrate 12 hours of firearms training, rather than 12 hours of academic and range instruction when renewing CFT certification.

# Public Comment

After providing notice to the public, there were no comments received from either the public, the standing committees, or the IRRC on the proposed regulations

# Impact on Small Business

The Commission's regulations will have no impact on small businesses as the regulations only affect county probation and parole officers and county probation departments.

## Effective Date

These regulations will become effective upon final publication in the *Pennsylvania* Bulletin.

#### Sunset Date

No sunset date has been assigned. The FETC will review the efficacy of this regulation on an ongoing basis.

# **Regulatory Review Act**

Under § 5(a) of the Regulatory Review Act (71 P.S. § 745.5(a)), on <u>April 30, 2013</u>, the FETC submitted a copy of this rulemaking to the Independent Regulatory Review Commission (IRRC) and to the Majority and Minority Chairpersons of both the House and Senate Judiciary Committees.

Keith Graybill Chairman

#### <u>ORDER</u>

## The FETC finds:

- (a) The public notice of intention to adopt the administrative regulation by this Order has been given pursuant to §§ 201 and 202 of the Commonwealth Documents Law (45 P.S. §§ 1201 and 1202) and the regulations at 1 Pa.Code §§ 7.1 and 7.2.
- (b) That the adoption of this regulation in the manner provided by this Order is necessary and appropriate for the administration and enforcement of the County Probation and Parole Officers' Firearm Education and Training Law.

The FETC, acting pursuant to Section 6305(13) of the County Probation and Parole Officers' Firearm Education and Training Law orders:

- (a) The regulation of the FETC is adopted to read as set forth in Annex A of this Order.
- (b) The Chairperson of the FETC shall submit this Order and Annex A to the Offices of General Counsel and Attorney General for approval as to legality and form as required by law.
- (c) The Chairperson of the FETC shall certify and deposit this Order and Annex A with the Legislative Reference Bureau as required by law.
- (d) This order shall take effect upon final publication in the Pennsylvania Bulletin.

Keith Graybill Chairman

# County Probation Officers' Firearm Education and Training Commission Notice of Final Rulemaking

Pa. Code Cite:	37 Pa. Code Chapter 79
Regulation Title:	Implementation of 61 Pa. C.S. 37 Pa. Code §§ 79.2(a), 79.25, 79.26, 79.61(b)-(c), 79.63
L.D. Number:	41-021

# Chairman's Certification

I, Keith Graybill, do hereby certify that I have reviewed these regulations and determined that the regulations are consistent with the principles outlined in Executive Order 1996-1

Keith Graybill, Chairman County Probation and Parole Officers' Firearm Education and Training Commission July <u>22</u>, 2013

## ANNEX A

# Title 37. Law

## PART II - Board of Probation & Parole

# Chapter 79 – County Probation and Parole Officers' Firearm Education and Training Commission

#### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

## § 79.2. Definitions.

(a) The following words and terms, when used in this chapter, have the following meaning, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

*Break-in-Service-* The time period between the date an officer, qualified to carry a duty weapon, terminates employment for any reason and the date that the officer is rehired by the same or another armed county probation and parole office.

Duty Weapon- The firearm an officer qualifies with and carries while on duty.

# MAINTENANCE OF CERTIFICATION

#### § 79.25. Duty Weapon Change.

A change in an officer's duty weapon involving a different manufacturer, a different model from the same manufacturer or a change in firearm caliber requires that:

- (1) The officer satisfactorily completes a commission qualification course of fire on the new duty weapon.
- (2) Qualification occurs prior to the officer carrying the new weapon on duty.
- (3) Weapon change information and qualification results are recorded in the FCTMS.

## § 79.26. Break-in-Service.

- (a) An officer who has a break-in-service of less than 12 months will have no additional training required as a result of the officer's break-in-service.
- (b) An officer who has a break-in-service lasting between 12 and 24 months shall satisfactorily complete a current written test and successfully requalify on the Commission's qualification course as a result of the officer's break-in-service.

(c) An officer who has a break-in-service of 24 months or more shall meet the requirements of a new hire as a result of the officer's break-in-service.

# APPROVAL OF INSTRUCTIONS, SCHOOLS and VENDORS

## § 79.61. Approval of Instructors.

- (b) Certifications for both CFI and MI shall be for [a period of] 36 months following approval by the Commission unless sooner revoked by the Commission. When a CFI attains MI status, [the 36-month period shall be calculated based upon the date that MI status is attained] the MI recertification date will default to the instructor's CFI recertification date.
- (c) To renew certification an instructor shall be required to submit an application for renewal of certification. The application must at least include documentation demonstrating that the instructor has provided the following:
  - (1) For CFI certification renewal, a minimum of 12 hours of relevant [academic and range] firearms instruction to county probation personnel in the preceding 36 months, including at least one basic training. The requirement to conduct one basic training during the preceding 36-month period for CFI renewal may be waived by the Commission

#### § 79.63. Requirements for In-Service Training Courses.

(b) Counties seeking approval of an in-service training course developed by an entity other than the Commission-approved school or vendor shall submit an application to the Executive Director at least 90 calendar days prior to the first proposed day of training. The proposal [must] shall be submitted in writing to the Executive Director. The Commission may waive the 90-day requirement in paragraph (b) on a case-by-case basis if the course has been approved by an entity such as the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Pennsylvania State Police or the National Rifle Association.

# TRANSMITTAL SHEET FOR REGULATIONS SUBJECT TO THE REGULATORY REVIEW ACT

I.D. NUMBI	E <b>R:</b> 41-021		
SUBJECT:	COUNTY PROBATION AND PAROLE OFFICERS' FIREARM EDUCATION AND TRAINING COMMISSION		
AGENCY:	BOARD OF PROBATION & PAROLE		
	TYPE OF REGULATION		
	Proposed Regulation	2013	
x	Final Regulation		
	Final Regulation with Notice of Proposed Rulemaking Omitted	õ	
	120-day Emergency Certification of the Attorney General	MM 9:	C
	120-day Emergency Certification of the Governor	54	
	Delivery of Tolled Regulationa.With Revisionsb.Without Revisions		
	FILING OF REGULATION		
<u>DATE</u>	SIGNATURE DESIGNATION		
	HOUSE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY		
ADm	MAJORITY CHAIR Ronald S. Marsico		
Au q	<u>IUII8/13</u> MINORITY CHAIR		
$\cdot \rho$	SENATE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY		
1 SM	MAJORITY CHAIR <u>Stewart J. Greenleaf</u>		
( duil j St	Mtri01813 MINORITY CHAIR		
10/18/13	K Coupir independent regulatory review commission		
	ATTORNEY GENERAL (for Final Omitted only)		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU (for Proposed only	<b>')</b>	
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September 5, 2013

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