12-29-05

Regulatory Analys	sis Foi	rm	This space for	üse by IRRC
(1) Agency				9: 72
Revenue		NDEPENCEST V.G.	NDEPENCER V.G., ATOM	
(2) 1.D. Number (Governor's Office Us	e)		REVEN COLDUSE	
15-426		IRRC Number	: 2446	
(3) Short Title		· · ·		
Prebuilt Housing				
(4) PA Code Cite	(5) Agency Contacts & Telephone Numbers			
61 Pa. Code §§ 31.30, 31.33, 46.8 and	Primary	Contact:	Mary R. Sprunk	(717) 783-7524
60.18	Second	ary Contact:	Douglas A. Bergus	on (717) 346-4633
(6) Type of Rulemaking (check one) (7) Is a 120-Day Emergency Certification Attached?				
 Proposed Rulemaking Final Order Adopting Regulation Final Order, Proposed Rulemaking Omitted Yes: By the Attorney General Yes: By the Governor 			ral	
(8) Briefly explain the regulation in clear and nontechnical language.				
The regulation codifies legislative changes relating to prebuilt housing that were set forth in Act 23-2000 (72 P.S. §§ 7201(g)(8), (vv) - (zz), 7202(f) and 7204(60)). Reference should be made to the preamble for a detailed description of the provision.				
(9) State the statutory authority for the	regulation ar	nd any releva	ant state or federal c	ourt decisions.
Statutory authority for the regulation is contained in section 270 of the TRC (72 P.S. § 7270).				

(10) Is the regulation mandated by any federal or state law or court order, or federal regulation? If yes, cite the specific law, case or regulation, and any deadlines for action.

The regulation is not mandated by federal or state law, court order, or federal regulation.

(11) Explain the compelling public interest that justifies the regulation. What is the problem it addresses?

The regulation is necessary to bring Title 61 into conformity with recent legislative changes regarding prebuilt housing.

(12) State the public health, safety, environmental or general welfare risks associated with nonregulation.

There are no public health, safety, environmental or general welfare risks associated with nonregulation.

(13) Describe who will benefit from the regulation. (Quantify the benefits as completely as possible and approximate the number of people who will benefit.)

Taxpayers and tax practitioners will benefit from having the Department's regulations reflect recent statutory changes.

(14) Describe who will be adversely affected by the regulation. (Quantify the adverse effects as completely as possible and approximate the number of people who will be adversely affected.)

No parties should be adversely affected by the regulation.

(15) List the persons, groups or entities that will be required to comply with the regulation. (Approximate the number of people who will be required to comply.)

Manufacturers, builders and purchasers of prebuilt housing will be required to comply with the regulation. The approximate number of people required to comply is indeterminable.

(16) Describe the communications with and input from the public in the development and drafting of the regulation. List the persons and/or groups who were involved, if applicable.

A copy of the regulation was forwarded to the Pennsylvania Bar Association; the Pennsylvania Institute of Certified Public Accounts, the Pennsylvania Society of Public Accountants, the Pennsylvania Chamber of Business and Industry and stakeholders. The regulation was listed in the Department's Agenda of Regulations published at 34 Pa.B. 758 (February 7, 2004) and 35 Pa.B 833 (February 5, 2005). The proposed regulation was published at 34 Pa.B. 6245 (November 20, 2004) and no comments were received from the public.

(17) Provide a specific estimate of the costs and/or savings to the regulated community associated with compliance, including any legal, accounting or consulting procedures which may be required.

Compliance with the regulation could result in a savings to the regulated community by reducing the possibility of assessment of penalty and interest. No legal, accounting or consulting procedures are required by the regulation.

(18) Provide a specific estimate of the costs and/or savings to local governments associated with compliance, including any legal, accounting or consulting procedures which may be required.

This regulation does not increase costs or savings to local governments. No legal, accounting or consultant procedures are required by the regulation.

(19) Provide a specific estimate of the costs and/or savings to state government associated with the implementation of the regulation, including any legal, accounting, or consulting procedures which may be required.

This regulation does not increase costs or savings to state government. No legal, accounting or consultant procedures are required by the regulation.

	Regulatory Analysis Form					
(20) In the table below, provide an estimate of the fiscal savings and costs associated with implementation and compliance for the regulated community, local government, and state government for the current year and five subsequent years.						
	Current FY Year	FY +1 Year	FY +2 Year	FY +3 Year	FY +4 Year	FY +5 Year
SAVINGS:	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Regulated Community						
Local Government						
State Government						
Total Savings	N/A					
COSTS:						
Regulated Community						
Local Government						
State Government						
Total Costs	N/A					
REVENUE LOSSES:						
Regulated Community						
Local Government						
State Government						
Total Revenue Losses	N/A					

(20a) Explain how the cost estimates listed above were derived.

This regulation does not increase costs or savings to state or local governments. Compliance with this regulation may result in an increase in savings to the regulated community by reducing the possibility of assessment of penalty and interest. This regulation does not increase costs to the regulated community.

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	Reç	gulatory Analysi	s Form	
20b) Provide the	past three year exper	nditure history for prop	grams affected by the	e regulation.
Program	FY -3	FY -2	FY -1	Current FY
 				
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

(21) Using the cost-benefit information provided above, explain how the benefits of the regulation outweigh the adverse effects and costs.

There are no adverse effects or costs associated with this regulation. This regulation could facilitate compliance and thereby increase savings to the regulated community by reducing the possibility of assessment of penalty and interest.

(22) Describe the nonregulatory alternatives considered and the costs associated with those alternatives. Provide the reasons for their dismissal.

There are no nonregulatory alternatives associated with the regulation.

(23) Describe alternative regulatory schemes considered and the costs associated with those schemes. Provide the reasons for their dismissal.

There are no alternative regulatory schemes associated with the regulation.

(24) Are there any provisions that are more stringent than federal standards? If yes, identify the specific provisions and the compelling Pennsylvania interest that demands stronger regulation.

This regulation relates to the imposition of sales and use tax, there currently is no comparative Federal tax.

(25) How does this regulation compare with those of other states? Will the regulation put Pennsylvania at a competitive disadvantage with other states?

The taxation of prebuilt housing in this Commonwealth is consistent with the taxation of such housing in surrounding states. The regulation will not put Pennsylvania at a competitive disadvantage with other states.

(26) Will the regulation affect existing or proposed regulations of the promulgating agency or other state agencies? If yes, explain and provide specific citations.

This regulation does not affect any other existing or proposed regulations of the Department or any other state agency.

(27) Will any public hearings or informational meetings be scheduled? Please provide the dates, times, and locations, if available.

The Department has not scheduled any public hearings or informational meetings to discuss the regulation.

(28) Will the regulation change existing reporting, record keeping, or other paperwork requirements? Describe the changes and attach copies of forms or reports which will be required as a result of implementation, if available.

This regulation does not change existing reporting, record keeping or other paperwork requirements.

(29) Please list any special provisions which have been developed to meet the particular needs of affected groups or persons including, but not limited to, minorities, elderly, small businesses, and farmers.

No special groups are affected by the regulation.

(30) What is the anticipated effective date of the regulation; the date by which compliance with the regulation will be required; and the date by which any required permits, licenses or other approvals must be obtained?

This regulation will be effective upon final publication in the <u>Pennsylvania Bulletin</u>. Compliance with the regulation is required upon publication. There are no permits, licenses or other approvals required by the regulation.

(31) Provide the schedule for continual review of the regulation.

This regulation is scheduled for review within five years of final publication. No sunset date has been assigned.

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FACE SHEET
FOR FILING DOCUMENTS
WITH THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

(Pursuant to Commonwealth Documents Law)

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RECEIVED

NDEPE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE :2-29-05 ELE. Copy below is hereby approved as to form and legality. Attorney Copy below is hereby certified to be true and Copy below is hereby approved as to form and legality. Executive or correct copy of a document issued, prescribed General Independent Agencies or promulgated by: PA Department of Revenue TAVIA ۲. DENRIES (AGENCY) By: (Deputy Attorney General) DOCUMENT/FISCAL NOTE NO. 15-426 FEB 2 8 2000 DATE OF APPROVAL EXECUTIVE (Deputy General Counsel) DATE OF ADOPTION (Chief Counsel-Independent Agency) DATE OF APPROVAL (Strike inapplicable title) Check if applicable B١ Check if applicable. No Attorney Copy not approved. Objections Gregory C. Fait General Approval or objection attached. TITLE Secretary of Revenue within 30 days after submission. (Executive Officer, Chairman or Secretary)

NOTICE OF FINAL RULEMAKING

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

Sales and Use Tax

61 Pa. Code §§ 31.30, 31.33, 46.8 and 60.18

Prebuilt Housing

PREAMBLE

The Department of Revenue (Department), under authority contained in section 270 of the Tax Reform Code of 1971 (TRC) (72 P.S. § 7270), proposes amendments to 61 Pa. Code, Chapter 31. Imposition, by deleting section 31.30 (relating to house trailers and mobile homes); and adding section 31.33 (relating to prebuilt housing), Chapter 46. Construction Contractors, by deleting § 46.8 (relating to industrialized housing) and Chapter 60. Sales and Use Tax Pronouncements - Statements of Policy, by deleting § 60.18 (relating to sale and installation of prefabricated housing) to read as set forth in Annex A.

Purpose of Regulation

The regulation codifies legislative changes relating to prebuilt housing that were set forth in Act 23-2000 (72 P.S. §§ 7201(g)(8), (vv) - (zz), 7202(f) and 7204(60)).

Explanation of Regulatory Requirements

The Department is adding § 31.33 to set forth the new rules relating to prebuilt housing. Definitions for use in the section are set forth in subsection (a). Imposition rules for sales by a builder and trade-ins are set forth in subsection (b).

Consistent with 72 P.S. § 7202(f), which provides that a manufacturer may elect to precollect the tax from the builder at the time of sale to the builder, subsection (c) describes the

rules which govern such pre-collection. Subsection (d) explains that no exemptions apply to the sale of prebuilt housing.

Subsection (e) explains that the provisions of this regulation do not apply to the sale and installation of prefabricated buildings, components and accessories which do not qualify as prebuilt housing and are governed by the provisions of § 31.12 (relating to imposition). Similarly, subsection (f) explains that the regulation does not apply to the repair and maintenance of prebuilt housing and once again, the rules of § 31.12 apply.

In addition, the Department has made editorial changes to several sentences for proper grammar usage. Upon adoption of § 31.33, provisions inconsistent with this section (§§ 31.30, 46.8 and 60.18) will be deleted from the Pennsylvania Code.

Affected Parties

Manufacturers, builders and purchasers of prebuilt housing may be affected by the regulation.

Comment and Response Summary

Notice of proposed rulemaking was published at 34 Pa.B. 6245 (November 20, 2004). This proposal is being adopted with changes to read as set forth in Annex A.

The Department received no comments from the public during the public comment period. No comments were received from either the House Finance Committee or the Senate Finance Committee. The

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only comments received on the proposed rulemaking were from the Independent Regulatory Review Commission (IRRC).

Explanations and amendments to the proposed rulemaking in response to IRRC's comments are as follows:

(1) Subsection 31.33(a) Definitions - IRRC requested the following six definitions be revised to mirror the statutory definitions, replace the regulatory definitions with citations to the statute, or explain the need to vary from the statute:

Prebuilt housing - The Department enhanced the statutory definition provided at 72 P.S. § 7201 to provide taxpayers with additional information. Therefore, § 31.33(a)(iii) was added to the statutory definition for clarification and remains in the final form regulation.

Prebuilt housing builder - The Department clarified the statutory definition provided at 72 P.S. § 7201 by inserting "including a prebuilt housing manufacturer" into the definition. The Department believes that the taxpayers will benefit from this enhanced definition and therefore, the same definition remains in the final form regulation.

Prebuilt housing purchaser - The Department agrees with IRRC's concern and has amended the definition by deleting the entire second sentence. This sentence has now been correctly relocated to the definition of prebuilt housing sale.

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Prebuilt housing sale - The Department agrees with IRRC's concern and has inserted the following sentence which previously appeared in the definition of prebuilt housing purchaser: "Temporary installation by a prebuilt housing builder for display purposes of a unit held for resale shall not be considered occupancy for residential purposes." This definition mirrors the statutory definition at 72 P.S. § 7201 and should appear in the final form regulation for the convenience of taxpayers.

Purchase price - The Tax Reform Code defines the "purchase price" of prebuilt housing to be sixty percent of the manufacturer's selling prices (72 P.S. § 7201 (g)(8)). However, the Code (72 P.S. § 7201 (g)(8)) provides that a manufacturer has the option of precollecting the sales tax on that sixty percent of the selling price, or one hundred percent of the actual cost of the supplies and materials used in the manufacture of the housing. The Code does not require a manufacturer to choose only one of those options, to the permanent exclusion of the other, as the regulation does. This restriction was added to the regulation at the request of the Department's Bureau of Audits. Audits determined that if a manufacturer was allowed to choose a different method of collecting tax for each customer, it would make auditing that manufacturer's books almost impossible. The Department firmly believes taxpayers will benefit from the definition.

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Used prebuilt housing - The Department clarified the statutory definition at 72 P.S. § 7201 by inserting "prebuilt housing" to modify the word "sale," as the defined term is 'prebuilt housing sale.' The enhanced definition has not been changed in the final form regulation because the Department believes it is necessary to provide clarity to the taxpayers.

(2) Subsection 31.33(c) Prebuilt housing manufacturer's election to collect tax.

Paragraph (2) - IRRC requested an explanation of the rationale for and need to restrict the method to collect tax under this circumstance. The statute at § 7201(g)(8) provides the option only when the manufacturer precollects tax from a builder. The statute does not provide the same option when a manufacturer that is acting as a builder pays tax to the Department at the time of sales to purchasers.

Paragraph (3) - IRRC requested an explanation of how a manufacturer would request "prior authorization" to alternate between two methods of calculation and what criteria the manufacturer would have to satisfy. The Department agrees this needs clarification and has consulted with the Director at the Bureau of Audits. At the request of the Bureau of Audits to provide efficient auditing procedures, the proposed regulation language "prior authorization" has been replaced in the final form

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regulation with "written notification to the Director of the Department's Bureau of Audits."

(3) Miscellaneous Clarity Issues -

(a) In subsection 31.33(a), IRRC stated the definition of "prebuilt housing manufacturer" lacks clarity because the definition uses the same words as the term being defined. The Department agrees and revised the definition in the final form regulation.

(b) In subsection 31.33(b)(1), the Department added clarification language to the final form regulation for auditing purposes.

(c) IRRC commented that the opening sentence of Paragraph 31.33(c)(1) uses twice the phrase "the law." The Department acknowledges the concern and replaced "the law" with the appropriate citation to the statute at the beginning of the sentence.

(d) IRRC commented that the opening sentence of Subsection 31.33(e) discusses the changes in the law and is not needed. The Department agrees with IRRC's comment and has deleted the referenced sentence that discusses the changes in the law.

(e) A broader cross reference was requested by IRRC inSubsections 31.33(e) and (f) instead of the language "governed by§ 31.11" which is a reference to a definition section. The

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Department agrees with the concern and changed the cross reference to § 31.12 (relating to imposition of tax).

Fiscal Impact

The Department has determined that the proposed amendment will have minimal fiscal impact on the Commonwealth.

Paperwork

The proposed amendment will not create additional paperwork for the public or the Commonwealth.

Effectiveness/Sunset Date

The regulation will become effective upon final publication in the <u>Pennsylvania Bulletin</u>. The regulation is scheduled for review within five years of final publication. No sunset date has been assigned.

Contact Person

The contact person for an explanation of the amendments is Mary R. Sprunk, Office of Chief Counsel, PA Department of Revenue, Dept. 281061, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17128-1061.

Regulatory Review

Under section 5(a) of the Regulatory Review Act (71 P.S. § 745.5(a)), on November 4, 2004, the Department submitted a copy of the notice of proposed rulemaking, published at 34 Pa.B. 6245 (November 20, 2004) to the Independent Regulatory Review Commission (IRRC) and to the Chairpersons of the House Committee on Finance and the Senate Committee on Finance for review and

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comment. No comments were received from the public. Therefore, compliance with section 5(c) of the Regulatory Review Act, which requires the Department to provide IRRC and the Committees with copies of all comments received, was not required.

In preparing these final-form regulations, the Department considered the comments received from IRRC. There were no comments received on the proposed rulemaking from the Committees or the public.

These final-form regulations were (deemed) approved by the Committees on ______ and were (deemed) approved by IRRC on ______, in accordance with section 5.1(e) of the Regulatory Review Act (71 P.S. § 745.5a(e)).

Findings

The Department finds that:

(1) Public notice of intention to amend the regulations has been duly given under sections 201 and 202 of the act of July 31, 1968 (P.L. 769, No. 240) (45 P.S. §§ 1201 and 1202) and the regulations thereunder, 1 Pa. Code §§ 7.1 and 7.2.

(2) The amendments are necessary and appropriate for the administration and enforcement of the authorizing statute.

<u>Order</u>

The Department, acting under the authorizing statute, orders that:

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(a) The regulations of the Department, 61 Pa. Code Chapters
31, 46, and 60, are amended by adding §§ 31.33 and deleting
§31.30, § 46.8, and § 60.18 to read as set forth in Annex A.

(b) The Secretary of the Department shall submit this order and Annex A to the Office of General Counsel and the Office of Attorney General for approval as to form and legality as required by law.

(c) The Secretary shall certify this order and Annex A and deposit them with the Legislative Reference Bureau as required by law.

(d) This order shall take effect upon publication in the Pennsylvania Bulletin.

GREGORY C. FAJT SECRETARY OF REVENUE

11/07/05

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CONTINUATION SHEET FOR FILING DOCUMENTS WITH THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU (Pursuant to Commonwealth Documents Law)

ANNEX A

Title 61. Revenue, Part I. Department of Revenue, Subpart B. General Fund Revenues, Article II. Sales and Use Tax, Chapter 31. Imposition.

§ 31.30. Reserved.

§ 31.33. Prebuilt housing.

(a) Definitions. The following words and terms, when used in this section, have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

Prebuilt housing - Prebuilt hHousing which qualifies either as:

(i) Manufactured housing, including mobile homes, which bears the label required by and referred to in the Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Authorization Act (35 P.S. §§ 1656.1 - 1656.9).

(ii) Industrialized housing as defined in the Industrialized Housing Act (35 P.S. §§ 1651.1 - 1651.12).

(iii) The term includes all components or accessories transferred at the time of the sale of the prebuilt housing.

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Prebuilt housing builder - A person, including a prebuilt housing manufacturer, who THAT makes a prebuilt housing sale to a prebuilt housing purchaser.

Prebuilt housing manufacturer - A manufacturer of prebuilt housing. A PERSON WHO MANUFACTURES PREBUILT HOUSING FOR SALE TO A PREBUILT HOUSING BUILDER OR PREBUILT HOUSING PURCHASER.

Prebuilt housing manufacturer's selling price -

(i) The total value of anything paid or delivered or promised to be paid or delivered, whether it be money or otherwise, by a prebuilt housing builder to a prebuilt housing manufacturer, for prebuilt housing, add-ons, insurance, seals, deposits, dues, optional equipment and similar charges whether or not such charges are separately stated on one or more purchase agreements.

(ii) The prebuilt housing manufacturer's selling price does not include amounts representing delivery charges, erection charges or set-up fees.

Prebuilt housing purchaser – A person who purchases prebuilt housing in a transaction and who intends to occupy the unit for residential purposes in this Commonwealth. Temporary installation by a prebuilt housing builder for display purposes of a unit held for resale shall not be considered occupancy for residential purposes. Editor's note: Sentence moved to "Prebuilt housing sale" definition.

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Prebuilt housing sale - A sale of prebuilt housing to a prebuilt housing purchaser, including a sale to a landlord, without regard to whether the person making the sale is responsible for installing the prebuilt housing or whether the prebuilt housing becomes real estate upon installation. TEMPORARY INSTALLATION BY A PREBUILT HOUSING BUILDER FOR DISPLAY PURPOSES OF A UNIT HELD FOR RESALE SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED OCCUPANCY FOR RESIDENTIAL PURPOSES.

Purchase price - The purchase price of prebuilt housing shall be 60% of the prebuilt housing manufacturer's selling price. A prebuilt housing manufacturer of prebuilt housing who THAT elects to precollect tax from the prebuilt housing builder shall have the option to collect tax on 60% of the prebuilt housing manufacturer's selling price or on 100% of the prebuilt housing manufacturer's ACTUAL cost of the SUPPLIES AND materials and equipment incorporated into USED IN the MANUFACTURE OF prebuilt housing.

Used prebuilt housing - Prebuilt housing that was previously subject to a prebuilt housing sale to a prebuilt housing purchaser.

(b) Imposition of tax.

(1) Prebuilt housing builder sales. A prebuilt housing builder is required to pay tax upon his purchase price of prebuilt housing sold to a prebuilt housing purchaser within

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the Commonwealth, if the prebuilt housing builder has not paid the applicable tax to the prebuilt housing manufacturer. The prebuilt housing builder is required to pay tax without regard to whether the prebuilt housing is sold as tangible personal property or as real estate. The prebuilt housing builder's written contract with the prebuilt housing purchaser should SHALL clearly indicate that the prebuilt housing builder paid applicable tax.

(2) Trade-in. The value of a trade-in by a prebuilt housing purchaser to a prebuilt housing builder in connection with the purchase of housing may not be used to reduce the purchase price upon which the prebuilt housing builder is required to pay tax.

(3) Used prebuilt housing. Sales tax is not imposed upon the purchase price of used prebuilt housing.

(c) Prebuilt housing manufacturer's election to collect tax.

(1) Although the law <u>72 P.S. § 7202(f)</u> requires the prebuilt housing builder to pay tax directly to the Department, the law THIS STATUTE also provides that the prebuilt housing manufacturer has the option to collect tax from the prebuilt housing builder at the time of the purchase of the prebuilt #15-426 4/7/06

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housing by the prebuilt housing builder from the prebuilt housing manufacturer. If the prebuilt housing manufacturer elects to collect tax, the prebuilt housing manufacturer is required to use either of the following to establish the purchase price:

(A) Sixty percent of the prebuilt housing manufacturer's selling price.

(B) One hundred percent of the prebuilt housing manufacturer's ACTUAL cost of THE SUPPLIES AND materials and equipment incorporated into or USED as a component of IN the MANUFACTURE OF PREBUILT housing.

(2) If a prebuilt housing manufacturer is also acting as a prebuilt housing builder, the purchase price of the prebuilt housing shall be 60% of the prebuilt housing manufacturer's selling price.

(3) A prebuilt housing manufacturer is not permitted to alternate between these two methods of calculation without prior authorization from the Department WRITTEN NOTIFICATION TO THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT'S BUREAU OF AUDITS.

(d) Exemptions. No exemptions apply to the sale of prebuilt housing. Prebuilt housing manufacturers are therefore not required to obtain exemption certificates from prebuilt housing builders. Unless the prebuilt housing manufacturer elects to precollect the tax, the prebuilt housing builder is

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obligated to remit tax to the Commonwealth on its sale of prebuilt housing to a prebuilt housing purchaser.

Prefabricated buildings and components which do not (e) qualify as prebuilt housing. The changes in the law as outlined in this section relate only to prebuilt housing as that term is defined. -- Therefore, -t The sale and installation of prefabricated buildings, components and accessories which do not qualify as prebuilt housing are governed by the provisions of § 31.1+2 (relating to definitions IMPOSITION OF TAX). Sales of prefabricated buildings, components and accessories, which do not include installation, qualify as sales of tangible personal property. Examples include construction site trailers, travel trailers and modular space units.

(f) Repair and maintenance of prebuilt housing. This section relates only to prebuilt housing sales and does not apply to the repair and maintenance of prebuilt housing. The application of tax upon charges made for the repair and maintenance of prebuilt housing is governed by the provisions of § 31.1±2 (RELATING TO THE IMPOSITION OF TAX).

Chapter 46. Construction Contractors.

§ 46.8. Reserved.

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Chapter 60. Sales and Use Tax Pronouncements - Statements of Policy.

§ 60.18. <u>Reserved.</u>

11/07/05

TRANSMITTAL SHEET FOR REGULATIONS SUBJECT TO THE REGULATORY REVIEW ACT

I.D. NUMBE	ER: 15-426
SUBJECT:	Sales & Use Tax: Prebuilt Housing DELIVERY OF REVISED ANNEX A.
AGENCY:	DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
	TYPE OF REGULATION
	Proposed Regulation
Х	Final Regulation
	Final Regulation with Notice of Proposed Rulemaking Omitted
	120-day Emergency Certification of the Attorney General
	120-day Emergency Certification of the Governor
	Delivery of Tolled Regulationa.With Revisionsb.Without Revisions
DATE	FILING OF REGULATION SIGNATURE DESIGNATION
ulalore V	
9 <u>1900 - 90</u> 9-7-06 - 5	HOUSE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE
4/17/00 P	SENATE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE
471064	INDEPENDENT REGULATORY REVIEW COMMISSION
	ATTORNEY GENERAL (for Final Omitted only)
	LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU (for Proposed only)

April 5, 2006